

CITY OF GRANDVILLE, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

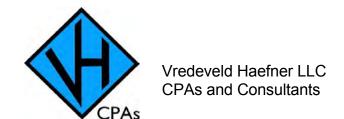


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 30, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grandville, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Grandville, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grandville, Michigan, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8, and the budgetary comparison information and benefit plan schedules on pages 43 through 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grandville, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Grandville, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Grandville, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Urodovold Haofner LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Grandville (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

The financial statements, which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these significant key financial highlights for the 2017-2018 fiscal year as follows:

- General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$591,208 before transfers to other funds.
- Received approximately \$70,000 in CDBG Funds for a kayak launch on the Grand River.
- Purchase of property for \$160,000 for cemetery expansion.
- Twelve local streets resurfaced costing \$456,284.
- Electrical equipment upgrades at the clean water plant in the amount of \$380,000.
- Omaha water main replacement costing \$575,427.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues, earned but unused compensated absences, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Building Authority for which the City is financially accountable. There was no current year activity in the Building Authority.

Fund financial statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, and the major streets, local streets and general obligation bonds funds which are considered to be major funds. Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other governmental funds (non-major governmental funds). Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all special revenue funds as required by state law. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general and special revenue funds to demonstrate legal compliance.

Proprietary funds The City maintains two enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operation. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City utilizes an internal service fund to account for its motor pool activities. Because the services primarily benefit the City's governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water and sewer operation, which is considered to be a major fund of the City. The City maintains one internal service fund which is presented as a separate column in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this discussion and analysis, required pension and OPEB information and major governmental fund budget and actual presentations. Supplemental information follows the required supplementary information and includes combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$48,067,186 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table illustrates the composition of net position.

Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	<u>Tot</u>	tal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 6,351,657	\$ 5,611,998	\$10,470,715	\$ 9,203,556	\$16,822,372	\$14,815,554
Long-term assets	17,185,850	16,043,389	34,447,465	35,722,590	51,633,315	51,765,979
Total assets	23,537,507	21,655,387	44,918,180	44,926,146	68,455,687	66,581,533
Deferred outflows of resources	1,748,159	2,098,778	653,270	725,870	2,401,429	2,824,648
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	1,064,945	536,200	1,101,891	1,044,801	2,166,836	1,581,001
Long-term liabilities	13,560,993	12,987,003	6,763,647	6,978,748	20,324,640	19,965,751
Total liabilities	14,625,938	13,523,203	7,865,538	8,023,549	22,491,476	21,546,752
Deferred inflows of resources	244,384	-	54,070	-	298454	
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	11,743,508	12,910,954	30,164,882	31,261,037	41,908,390	44,171,991
Restricted	1,404,481	1,163,482	532,888	532,888	1,937,369	1,696,370
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,732,645)	(3,843,474)	6,954,072	5,834,542	4,221,427	1,991,068
Total net position	\$10,415,344	\$10,230,962	\$37,651,842	\$37,628,467	\$48,067,186	\$47,859,429

The City's unrestricted net position in governmental activities is in a deficit position as a result of recording the net pension and net OPEB liabilities. Net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding was \$41,908,390 at the end of the current fiscal year. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position in the amount of \$1,937,369 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Statement of Activities The City's total revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was \$19,368,759 while total cost of all programs and services was \$19,161,002. This resulted in an increase in net position of \$207,757. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the years ended June 30.

Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	<u>Tot</u>	tal_
	2018	2017	2018	2018 2017		2017
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,406,074	\$ 2,035,444	\$7,567,964	\$7,209,610	\$ 8,974,038	\$ 9,245,054
Operating grants and contributions	1,819,161	1,444,124	-	-	1,819,161	1,444,124
Capital grants and contributions	31,567	932,474	-	-	31,567	932,474
General revenues (expenses)						
Property taxes	7,104,071	6,954,410	-	-	7,104,071	6,954,410
State shared revenues	1,323,925	1,278,739	-	-	1,323,925	1,278,739
Other general revenues	20,710	5,777	5,533	2,736	26,243	8,513
Investment earnings	73,707	37,472	84,943	53,123	158,650	90,595
Refunding bond proceeds transferred	(68,896)	-	-	-	(68,896)	-
Total revenues	11,710,319	12,688,440	7,658,440	7,265,469	19,368,759	19,953,909

	Governmen	tal Activities	Busines	s-type Activities	<u>Tot</u>	<u>al</u>
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Expenses						
General government	\$ 1,372,000	\$ 1,495,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,372,000	\$ 1,495,203
Judicial	1,145,210	1,168,994	-	-	1,145,210	1,168,994
Public safety	4,966,365	5,242,870	-	-	4,966,365	5,242,870
Public works	2,790,250	2,699,930	-	-	2,790,250	2,699,930
Culture and recreation	1,160,612	1,011,343	-	-	1,160,612	1,011,343
Interest on long-term debt	91,500	71,245	-	-	91,500	71,245
Sewer	-	-	5,442,960	5,900,556	5,442,960	5,900,556
Water	-	-	2,192,105	2,129,947	2,192,105	2,129,947
Total expenses	11,525,937	11,689,585	7,635,065	8,030,503	19,161,002	19,720,088
Increase (decrease) in net position	184,382	998,855	23,375	(765,034)	207,757	233,821
Net position – beginning	10,230,962	9,232,107	37,628,467	38,393,501	47,859,429	47,625,608
Net position – ending	\$10,415,344	\$10,230,962	\$37,651,842	\$37,628,467	\$48,067,186	\$47,859,429

Governmental Activities The preceding table shows that the governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$184,382 during this fiscal year. The increase is primarily the result of approximately \$89,000 additional state revenue for personal property tax reimbursement and lower than anticipated expenditures throughout all general fund departments. The decrease in charges for services is due to a change in recording permit revenue and expenditures; the decrease in capital grants and contributions is due to the state funding of the Wilson Ave. repaying project that was completed in 2016-2017.

Business-type Activities Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$23,375 during the year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,101,577, an increase of \$278,432 from the prior year. This was primarily due to an increase in personal property tax reimbursement from the State of Michigan and lower than anticipated expenditures in the general fund. In addition, a large project in the major streets fund was deferred due to better than anticipated condition of the street.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, nonspendable fund balance of \$36,969 relates to prepaid assets and inventory. Amounts restricted by outside sources total \$215,958 and amounts committed and assigned for various purposes totals \$665,267. Unassigned fund balance represents \$2,765,628 of total fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29.1% of total general fund expenditures and transfers.

The major street fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of fuel and weight taxes, distributed by the State of Michigan, that are restricted for use on major streets by Act 51. The fund balance increased by \$281,233 during the current fiscal year.

The local street fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of fuel and weight taxes, distributed by the State of Michigan, that are restricted for use on local streets by Act 51. The fund balance decreased by \$40,234 during the current fiscal year.

The general obligation bonds debt service fund is used to account for the payment of debt service with amounts received from various sources. The fund accounted for the issuance of a refunding bond during the year.

Proprietary funds The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's enterprise operation consists of the water and sewer funds which provide services to most residents and businesses of the City.

Budgetary Highlights

Revenues in the general fund were \$9,555,041, which is 101.2% of the amended budgeted amount for the fiscal year. General fund expenditures and transfers were \$8,963,833, which is 95.4% of the amended budget amount.

In addition, the following are the significant budget amendments made during the year:

- Local Community Stabilization Fund Revenue (personal property tax reimbursement from the State of Michigan) increased by approximately \$90,000
- Assessing Department expenditures were lowered by \$26,000 due to unfilled budgeted positions.
- Planning Department had carryover expenditures of \$14,000 for the Master Plan update.
- Special project fund contractual services increased by \$100,000 for the kayak launch.
- Major street repaving was adjusted due to road conditions and the expenditures were lowered by \$300,000.
- Local streets fund repayed an additional 4 streets costing \$182,000 because of additional funding from the State of Michigan and lower than anticipated construction costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018, amounted to \$50,328,315 (net of accumulated depreciation).

Capital Assets										
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities								
Land	\$ 1,810,628	\$ 15,000								
Construction in progress Buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and land	227,511	800,160								
improvements	13,842,711	33,632,305								
Total	\$15,880,850	\$34,447,465								

Current year additions consist of boiler control panel upgrades, police records management system, parking lot repaving, several local street projects, clean water plant electrical upgrade, a water main project, and several new vehicles in the motor pool.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had bonds outstanding of \$8,270,000. Of this amount, \$3,970,000 was for governmental activities while \$4,300,000 was for business-type activities.

Debt											
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities									
Accrued employee benefits	\$ 681,316	\$ 120,565									
Bonds payable	3,970,000	4,300,000									
Unamortized premium (discount)	167,342	(17,417)									
Total	\$4,818,658	\$4,403,148									

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

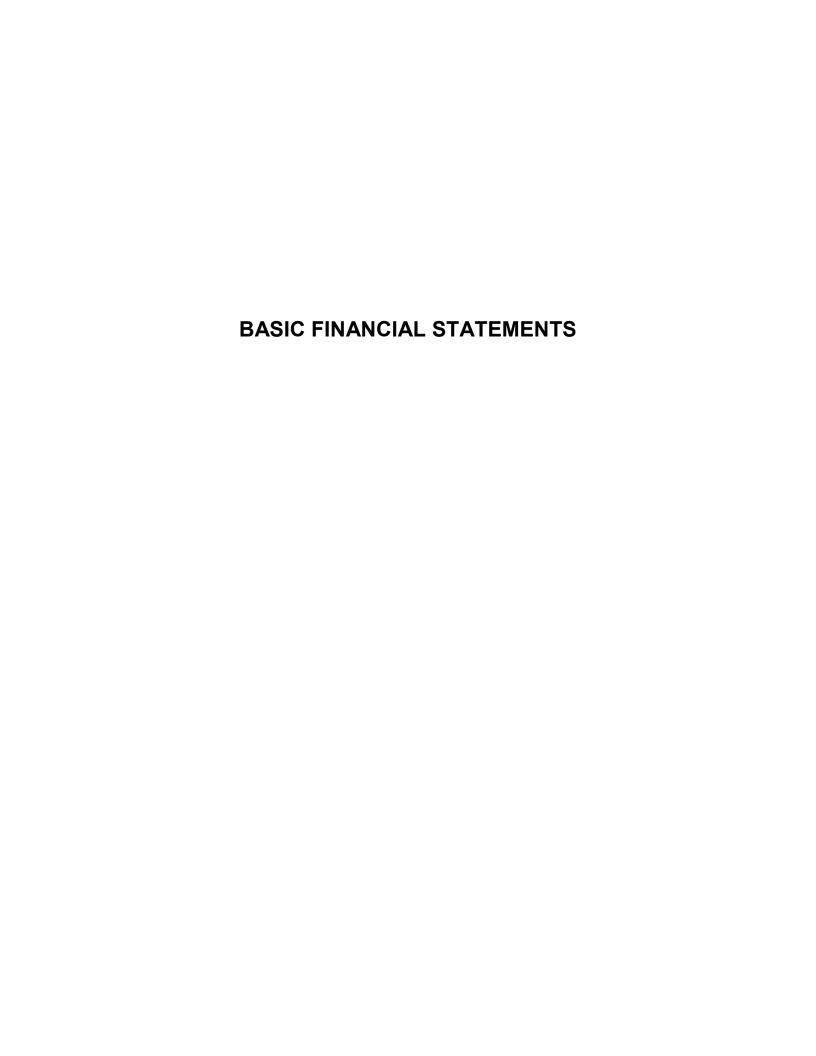
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2018-19 fiscal year:

- Millage rate increased to 11.05 mills to prepare for future capital expenditures and pension expense.
- General fund revenue budget increase of 5%.
- General fund expenditures budgeted increase of 7%
- Pension funding in the general fund increased \$75,000.
- Additional full-time police officer
- Ivanrest Street paving project \$400,000
- Ten local streets resurfacing budgeted at a cost of \$406,000
- Methane gas management project at the clean water plant for \$1 million
- Ivanrest watermain project budgeted for \$600,000

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Finance Director, City of Grandville, 3195 Wilson Ave. SW, Grandville, MI 49418.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

21 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					ry Governme				wntown	Brownfield
Cash and pooled investments \$ 5,398,435 \$ 1,447,698 \$ 921,888 \$ Accounts receivable \$ 15,1906 1,275,941 1,427,847 7,336 Accounts receivable 61,055 613,223 1,316,615 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 61,055 - 7,056<				Bu			<u>Total</u>		•	Redevelopment Authority
Cash and pooled investments \$ 5,398,435 \$ 1,427,941 1,427,847 7,336 Accounts receivable 16,1596 1275,941 1,427,847 7,336 Due from other governments 703,292 613,223 1,316,615 - Special assessments receivable 61,055 61,055 - Lorg-term due from component unit 1,305,000 1,305,000 - Prepaid items 14,254 14,254 - Restricted cash and pooled investments 22,715 532,888 532,888 - Capital assets 1,810,628 15,000 1,825,628 284,567 Construction in progress 227,511 800,160 1,027,671 2,920,700 Total assets 223,537,507 44,918,180 68,455,687 4,114,461 Deferred butflows related to pensions 376,855 72,317 449,172 - Deferred butflows related to pensions 376,855 72,317 449,172 - Deferred dufflows related to other post-employment benefits 1,293,088 580,953	Assats									
Accounts receivable 151,906 1,275,941 1,427,847 7,336 Due from other governments 703,292 613,223 1,316,515 - Special assessments receivable 61,055 - 1,055 - 1,055 - 1,305,000 - 1,305,000 - 1,275,915 - 1,224 - 1,255 - 1,255 -		\$	5 398 435	\$	8 048 663	\$	13 447 098	\$	921 858	\$ -
Due from other governments	•	Ψ		Ψ	, ,	Ψ		Ψ		-
Special assessments receivable			,						- ,000	_
Long-term due from component unit	•		•		010,220				_	
Prepaid litems	•				-		,		-	-
Inventory 22,715 - 22,715 - Restricted cash and pooled investments - 532,888 532,888 - Capital assets - Construction in progress 227,511 30,000 1,027,671 Depreciable capital assets, net 13,842,711 33,632,305 47,475,016 2,920,700 -	·				-		, ,		-	-
Restricted cash and pooled investments	·		•		-				-	-
Capital assets	•		22,715		-		,		-	-
Land Construction in progress Construction in progress 227,511 800,180 1,027,671 - Depreciable capital assets, net 13,842,711 33,632,205 44,747,5016 2,920,700 Total assets 23,537,507 44,918,180 68,455,687 4,114,461 Deferred outflows of resources Deferred darge on refunding 78,216 72,317 449,172 - Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other post- employment benefits 1,283,088 580,953 1,874,041 - Fotal deferred outflows 1,748,159 653,270 2,401,429 - Liabilities Accounts payable 727,818 779,902 Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable 17,743,189 Accrued interest payable 17,743,180 Accrued interest payable 18,843 Accrued interest payable 19,843,141,677 Accrued interest payable 10,832 Accrued interest payable 11,832,833 Accrued interest payable 11,305,000 Due within on eyear 1	·		-		532,888		532,888		-	-
Construction in progress 227,511 800,160 1,027,671 -	Capital assets									
Depreciable capital assets, net 13,842,711 33,632,305 47,475,016 2,920,700	Land		1,810,628		15,000		1,825,628		264,567	-
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows of resources Deferred charge on refunding 78,216 - 78,216 - Deferred outflows related to pensions 376,855 72,317 449,172 - Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits 1,293,088 580,953 1,874,041 - Deferred outflows 1,748,159 653,270 2,401,429 - Deferred outflows 2,72,818 979,092 1,706,910 10,832 Accrued liabilities 319,694 94,983 414,677 5,061 Accrued interest payable 77,433 27,816 45,249 - Deferred outflows 2,186,856 974,323 3,142,979 - Deferred inflows post-employment benefits liability 2,186,856 974,323 3,142,979 - Deferred multi glicosount 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Deferred multi glicosount 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Deferred multi glicosount 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,67	Construction in progress		227,511		800,160		1,027,671		-	-
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred charge on refunding 78,216 -	Depreciable capital assets, net		13,842,711		33,632,305		47,475,016		2,920,700	-
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred charge on refunding 78,216 -	·									
Deferred charge on refunding	Fotal assets		23,537,507	_	44,918,180	_	68,455,687		4,114,461	
Deferred charge on refunding	Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred outflows related to pensions 376,855 72,317 449,172 - Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits 1,293,088 580,953 1,874,041 - Deferred outflows 1,748,159 653,270 2,401,429 - Deferred outflows 1,748,159 653,270 2,401,429 - Deferred outflows 1,748,159 653,270 2,401,429 - Deferred inflows payable 727,818 979,092 1,706,910 10,832 Accrued interest payable 17,433 27,816 45,249 - Deferred inflows payable 18,666,664,79 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Deferred inflows payable 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Deferred inflows payable 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Deferred inflows payable 18,666,664,79 1,366,769 1,305,000 Deferred inflows payable 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Deferred inflows payable 1,880,267 Deferr			78 216		_		78 216		_	_
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	S S		•		72 317		,		_	_
Employment benefits			370,033		12,311		449,172		-	-
Total deferred outflows	•		1,293,088		580,953		1,874,041		_	-
Liabilities			4.740.450		050.070		0.404.400			
Accounts payable 727,818 979,092 1,706,910 10,832 Accrued liabilities 319,694 94,983 414,677 5,061 Accrued interest payable 17,433 27,816 45,249 - Noncurrent liabilities Accrued compensated absences 688,516 120,565 809,081 - Net other post-employment benefits liability 2,168,656 974,323 3,142,979 - Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Long-term due to primary government - Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Due in more than one year 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	Total deferred outflows	_	1,748,159		653,270		2,401,429			
Accrued liabilities 319,694 94,983 414,677 5,061 Accrued interest payable 17,433 27,816 45,249 - Noncurrent liabilities Accrued compensated absences 688,516 120,565 809,081 - Net other post-employment benefits liability 2,168,656 974,323 3,142,979 - Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Long-term due to primary government - Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - Due within one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other post- employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	Liabilities									
Accrued liabilities 319,694 94,983 414,677 5,061 Accrued interest payable 17,433 27,816 45,249 - Noncurrent liabilities Accrued compensated absences 688,516 120,565 809,081 - Net other post-employment benefits liability 2,168,656 974,323 3,142,979 - Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Long-term due to primary government - Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - Due within one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other post- employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	Accounts payable		727.818		979.092		1.706.910		10.832	-
Accrued interest payable 17,433 27,816 45,249 - Noncurrent liabilities Accrued compensated absences 688,516 120,565 809,081 - Net other post-employment benefits liability 2,168,656 974,323 3,142,979 - Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - 1,305,000	. ,		-				, ,		,	_
Noncurrent liabilities			,				-		-	_
Accrued compensated absences 688,516 120,565 809,081 - Net other post-employment benefits liability 2,168,656 974,323 3,142,979 - Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Long-term due to primary government 1,305,000 Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other post- employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	. ,		,		,		.0,=.0			
Net other post-employment benefits liability 2,168,656 974,323 3,142,979 - Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Long-term due to primary government - - - - 1,305,000 Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 -			688 516		120 565		809 081		_	_
Net pension liability 6,566,479 1,386,176 7,952,655 - Bond premium (discount) 167,342 (17,417) 149,925 - Long-term due to primary government - - - - 1,305,000 Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 - 1,404,481			,		,		,		_	_
Bond premium (discount)									-	-
Long-term due to primary government	·								-	-
Due within one year 430,000 190,000 620,000 - Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	. , ,		167,342		(17,417)		149,925			-
Due in more than one year 3,540,000 4,110,000 7,650,000 - Total liabilities 14,625,938 7,865,538 22,491,476 1,320,893 Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	. , ,		-		-		-		1,305,000	
Total liabilities	•		•		,		,		-	-
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 - Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 -	Due in more than one year	_	3,540,000	_	4,110,000		7,650,000			
Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 -	Total liabilities	_	14,625,938	_	7,865,538		22,491,476		1,320,893	
Deferred inflows related to pensions 169,422 20,391 189,813 -	Deferred inflower of recourage									
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 -			160 400		20.204		100 012			
employment benefits 74,962 33,679 108,641 - Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	•		169,422		20,391		189,813		-	-
Total deferred outflows 244,384 54,070 298,454 - Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	•									
Net position Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for - 532,888 - Debt service - 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	employment benefits	_	74,962		33,679	_	108,641			
Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for Debt service Streets - 532,888 532,888 - 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	Total deferred outflows	_	244,384		54,070		298,454			
Net investment in capital assets 11,743,508 30,164,882 41,908,390 1,880,267 Restricted for - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -										
Restricted for - 532,888 532,888 - Debt service - 532,888 - - - 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	-									
Debt service - 532,888 532,888 - Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	Net investment in capital assets		11,743,508		30,164,882		41,908,390		1,880,267	-
Streets 1,404,481 - 1,404,481 -	Restricted for									
	Debt service		-		532,888		532,888		-	-
	Streets		1,404,481		-		1,404,481		-	-
	Unrestricted (deficit)				6,954,072				913,301	
Total net position \$ 10,415,344 \$ 37,651,842 \$ 48,067,186 \$ 2,793,568 \$	Total not position	¢	10 415 244	æ	37 6E1 0/0	æ	49 067 106	D	2 702 560	¢

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Program Revenues						
					_	Operating	Capital	_	
			(Charges	(Grants and	Grants and	Ne	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs		<u>Expenses</u>	fo	r Services	Co	ntributions	Contributions		Revenue
Primary government									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	1,372,000	\$	312,458	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(1,059,542)
Judicial		1,145,210		580,577		49,112	-		(515,521)
Public safety		4,966,365		261,313		83,710	-		(4,621,342)
Public works		2,790,250		96,678		1,735,451	-		(958,121)
Culture and recreation		1,160,612		105,936		-	31,567		(1,023,109)
Interest on long-term debt	_	91,500	_					_	(91,500)
Total governmental activities		11,525,937		1,356,962		1,868,273	31,567		(8,269,135)
Business-type activities									
Sewer		5,442,960		4,856,762		-	-		(586,198)
Water	_	2,192,105	_	2,711,202	_			_	519,097
Total business-type activities		7,635,065	_	7,567,964	_			_	(67,101)
Total primary government	\$	19,161,002	\$	8,924,926	\$	1,868,273	\$ 31,567	\$	(8,336,236)
Component Units									
Downtown Development Authority	\$	610,096	\$	17,490	\$	32,250	\$ -	\$	(560,356)
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		12,837		-				_	(12,837)
Total component units	\$	622,933	\$	17,490	\$	32,250	\$ -	\$	(573,193)

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		imary Governme	Downtown	Brownfield	
	Governmental	Business-type		•	Redevelopment
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Authority</u>	<u>Authority</u>
Changes in net position					
Net (expense) revenue	<u>\$ (8,269,135)</u>	<u>\$ (67,101)</u>	\$ (8,336,236)	\$ (560,356)	<u>\$ (12,837)</u>
General revenues					
Property taxes	7,104,071	-	7,104,071	270,810	12,837
State shared revenues	1,323,925	-	1,323,925		-
Unrestricted investment earnings	73,707	84,943	158,650	12,807	_
Other general revenues	20,710	5,533	26,243	-	_
Bond proceeds to component unit	(68,896)		(68,896)	68,896	
Total general revenues and transfers	8,453,517	90,476	8,543,993	352,513	12,837
Change in net position	184,382	23,375	207,757	(207,843)	-
Net position, beginning of year	10,230,962	37,628,467	47,859,429	3,001,411	
Net position, end of year	\$ 10,415,344	\$ 37,651,842	\$ 48,067,186	\$ 2,793,568	\$ -

(Concluded)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2018

Assets		<u>General</u>		Major <u>Streets</u>		Local <u>Streets</u>	c	General Obligation Bonds		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$	3,587,621	\$	973,477	\$	659,691	\$	1,003	\$	13,965	\$	5,235,757
Accounts receivable	Ψ	141,525	Ψ	7,512	Ψ	2,261	Ψ	1,005	Ψ	48	Ψ	151,346
Due from other governments		437,382		198,220		67,690		_		-		703,292
Special assessments receivable		-		-		-		_		61,055		61,055
Long-term due from component unit		_		_		_		1,305,000		-		1,305,000
Prepaid items		14,254		_		_		-		_		14,254
Inventory		22,715		-		-		-		-		22,715
Total assets	\$	4,203,497	\$	1,179,209	\$	729,642	\$	1,306,003	\$	75,068	\$	7,493,419
Total assets	Ψ	4,200,401	Ψ	1,179,209	Ψ	725,042	Ψ	1,300,003	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	7,400,410
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	244.051	\$	10.139	\$	457,021	\$		\$	1.143	\$	712.354
Accrued liabilities	φ	275,624	φ	19,384	φ	17,826	φ	-	φ	599	φ	313,433
/ tool ded habilities	_	270,024	_	10,004	_	17,020	_			000		010,400
Total liabilities		519,675	_	29,523	_	474,847	_		_	1,742	_	1,025,787
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable revenue	_		_		_		_	1,305,000	_	61,055	_	1,366,055
Fund balances												
Non-spendable												
Prepaid items		14,254		-		-		-		-		14,254
Inventory		22,715		-		-		-		-		22,715
Restricted												
Streets		-		1,149,686		254,795		-		-		1,404,481
Drunk driving enforcement		27,298		-		-		-		-		27,298
Drug forfeiture		134,415		-		-		-		-		134,415
Construction code enforcement		48,240		-		-		-		-		48,240
Community policing		4,897		-		-		-		-		4,897
City art		1,108		-		-		-		-		1,108
Committed Capital projects										12,271		12,271
Capital projects Cemetery perpetual care		458,585		_		_		_		12,211		458,585
Park improvements		59,971		_		_		_		_		59,971
DDA parking assessment		51,577		_		_		_		_		51,577
Assigned		01,011		_		_		_		_		01,011
Debt service funds		_		-				1,003		_		1,003
Future years expenditures		95,134		-		_				_		95,134
Unassigned	_	2,765,628		-	_							2,765,628
Total fund balances		3,683,822	_	1,149,686	_	254,795	_	1,003		12,271	_	5,101,577
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
and fund balances	\$	4,203,497	\$	1,179,209	\$	729,642	\$	1,306,003	\$	75,068	\$	7,493,419

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 5,101,577
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - land Add - construction in progress Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,810,628 227,511 13,322,278
Certain assets are not due and receivable in the current period.	
Add - long-term deferred receivables	1,366,055
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of centralized services, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.	
Add - net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service funds	652,536
Certain items do not impact curent financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - compensated absences payable Deduct - net pension liability Deduct - other post-employment benefits Deduct - long-term debt Deduct - bond premium Add - deferred loss on bond refunding Add - deferred outflows related to pensions Deduct - deferred inflows related to pensions Add - deferred outflows related to pensions Add - deferred outflows related to post-employment benefits Deduct - deferred inflows related to post-employment benefits Deduct - accrued interest on long-term debt	(679,106) (6,566,479) (2,168,656) (3,970,000) (167,342) 78,216 376,855 (169,422) 1,293,088 (74,962) (17,433)

\$ 10,415,344

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position of governmental activities

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	<u>General</u>	Major <u>Streets</u>	Local Streets	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues					•	
Taxes	\$ 6,488,393	\$ 50,802	\$ 564,876	-	\$ -	\$ 7,104,071
Intergovernmental revenues						
State	1,393,276	1,170,742	509,391	-	-	3,073,409
Licenses and permits	61,277	-	-	-		61,277
Charges for services	1,079,124	-	-	-	7,520	1,086,644
Fines	316,175		-	-	-	316,175
Investment earnings	56,854	9,606	7,112	-	135	73,707
Miscellaneous	128,375					128,375
Total revenues	9,555,041	1,231,150	1,081,379		7,655	11,875,225
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	1,382,323	-	-	500	-	1,382,823
Judicial	1,106,063	-	-	-	-	1,106,063
Public safety	4,754,853	-	-	-	-	4,754,853
Public works	737,118	949,917	1,121,613	-	46,973	2,855,621
Culture and recreation	983,476	-	-	-	-	983,476
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	420,000	-	420,000
Interest				94,960		94,960
Total expenditures	8,963,833	949,917	1,121,613	515,460	46,973	11,597,796
Revenues over (under) expenditures	591,208	281,233	(40,234)	(515,460)	(39,318)	277,429
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	1,375,000	-	1,375,000
Loan to component unit	-	-	-	(1,443,896)	-	(1,443,896)
Bond Premium	-	-	-	69,899	-	69,899
Transfers in	-	-	-	515,460	25,000	540,460
Transfers out	(540,460)					(540,460)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(540,460)			516,463	25,000	1,003
Net changes in fund balances	50,748	281,233	(40,234)	1,003	(14,318)	278,432
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,633,074	868,453	295,029		26,589	4,823,145
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,683,822	\$ 1,149,686	\$ 254,795	\$ 1,003	\$ 12,271	\$ 5,101,577

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 278,432
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay	1,031,717
Deduct - net book value of disposals	(20,064)
Deduct - depreciation expense	(1,164,692)
Certain receivables are long-term in nature and are collectable over several years. However only the current year's receipts are reflected as revenues on the fund statements.	
Add - loan to component unit	1,375,000
Deduct - decrease in unavailable revenues	(70,000)
Bond or note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond or note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Add - principal payments on debt	420,000
Deduct - bond issue	(1,375,000)
Deduct - bond premium	(69,899)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Deduct - increase in compensated absences	(58,076)
Deduct - increase in other post-employment benefit liability	(215,979)
Add - amortization of bond premium	19,992
Deduct - increase in accrued interest	(5,358)
Deduct - amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(11,174) 704,771
Add - decrease in net pension liability Deduct - decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions	(526,963)
Deduct - decrease in deferred outflows related to post-employment benefits	(56,866)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	
Deduct - decrease in net position from the internal service funds	(71,459)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 184,382
- mange in the position of governmental activities	ψ 104,302

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

		Enterprise Fund	IS	Internal Service	
	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Water</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Fund</u>	
Assets					
Current assets	¢ 6 606 00:	7 ¢ 1.440.656	¢ 0.040.663	¢ 160.670	
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$ 6,606,00 ⁻ 520,998		\$ 8,048,663 1,275,941	\$ 162,678 560	
Due from other governments	471,66		613,223	500	
Total current assets	7,598,66			163,238	
1014.104.104.104.104.104					
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted cash and pooled investments	532,88	-	532,888	-	
Capital assets		_			
Land	15,000		15,000	-	
Construction in progress	618,02			-	
Depreciable capital assets, net	26,074,40			520,433	
Total noncurrent assets	27,240,310	7,740,037	34,980,353	520,433	
Total assets	34,838,98	10,079,196	44,918,180	683,671	
Deferred outflows of resources					
	59.74	10.577	70 047		
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to post-employment benefits	393,54	, -	72,317 580,953	-	
Deterred outflows related to post-employment benefits		107,404	360,933		
Total deferred outflows	453,28	199,981	653,270		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	561,559	9 417,533	979,092	15,464	
Accrued liabilities	72,12		94,983	6,261	
Accrued interest payable	27,810	-	27,816	-	
Current portion of long-term debt	190,000	<u> </u>	190,000		
Total current liabilities	851,49	440,394	1,291,891	21,725	
Long-term liabilities					
Accrued compensated absences	86,44	34,120	120,565	9,410	
Other post-employment benefits obligation	660,020		974,323	3,410	
Net pension liability	1,190,998		1,386,176	_	
Discount on bonds	(17,41	,	(17,417)	_	
Bonds payable, net of current portion	4,110,000	•	4,110,000	-	
Total long-term liabilities	6,030,05	543,595	6,573,647	9,410	
Total liabilities	6,881,54	983,989	7,865,538	31,135	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	12,123		20,391	-	
Deferred inflows related to post-employment benefits	22,81	5 10,864	33,679		
	34,938	3 19,132	54,070		
Not position					
Net position Net investment in capital assets	22,424,84	7,740,037	30,164,882	520,433	
Restricted for revenue bond requirements	532,88	, ,	532,888	JZU,433 -	
Unrestricted	5,418,05		6,954,072	132,103	
		.,000,010	5,501,572	102,100	
Total net position	\$ 28,375,78	<u>\$ 9,276,056</u>	\$ 37,651,842	\$ 652,536	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

							-	overnmental Activities
	Enterprise Funds					Internal		
On and the second		<u>Sewer</u>		<u>Water</u>		<u>Total</u>		Service <u>Fund</u>
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$	4,836,972	Φ	2,685,069	ď	7,522,041	ď	618,445
Interest and penalties	Ф	19,790	Ф	26,133	Ф	45,923	Ф	010,445
interest and penalics		13,730		20,100	_	40,020	-	
Total operating revenue	_	4,856,762		2,711,202	_	7,567,964	_	618,445
Operating expenses								
Water purchases		-		1,041,571		1,041,571		-
Labor		1,669,141		500,107		2,169,248		167,763
Administrative and general		1,785,587		275,447		2,061,034		393,135
Depreciation	_	1,815,054	_	374,980	_	2,190,034	_	161,727
Total operating expenses	_	5,269,782	_	2,192,105	_	7,461,887	_	722,625
Operating income (loss)		(413,020)	_	519,097	_	106,077	_	(104,180)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)								
Gain on sale of capital assets				-				24,673
Investment earnings		71,712		13,231		84,943		2,043
Other		488		5,045		5,533		6,005
Interest expense	_	(173,178)	_		_	(173,178)	_	<u>-</u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(100,978)	_	18,276	_	(82,702)	_	32,721
Changes in net position		(513,998)		537,373		23,375		(71,459)
Net position, beginning of year		28,889,784	_	8,738,683	_	37,628,467	_	723,995
Net position, end of year	\$	28,375,786	\$	9,276,056	\$	37,651,842	\$	652,536

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	E	Enterprise Fund	s	Governmental Activities Internal
	Sewer	Water	<u>Total</u>	Service <u>Funds</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	c	Φ.	c	¢ 604.074
Receipts from internal services provided Receipts from customers and users	\$ - 4,835,839	\$ - 2,674,769	\$ - 7,510,608	\$ 624,871
Payments to employees	(1,623,088)	(476,012)	(2,099,100)	(167,964)
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	(1,739,905)	(1,303,780)	(3,043,685)	
r dyments to suppliers	(1,733,303)	(1,505,700)	(0,040,000)	(333,033)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,472,846	894,977	2,367,823	61,048
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	24,673
Interest paid on long-term debt	(173,178)	-	(173,178)	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(180,000)	- (000 ==0)	(180,000)	
Acquisitions of capital assets	(694,131)	(220,778)	(914,909)	(152,227)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	(4.0.47.000)	(000 ==0)	(4 000 00=)	(10= == 1)
financing activities	(1,047,309)	(220,778)	(1,268,087)	(127,554)
Cook flows from investing activities				
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	71,712	13,231	84,943	2,043
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments	497,249	687,430	1,184,679	(64,463)
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year	6,629,523	746,958	7,376,481	227,141
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$ 7,138,895	\$ 1,442,656	\$ 8,581,551	\$ 162,678
Cash flows from operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (413,020)	\$ 519,097	\$ 106,077	\$ (104,180)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation	1,815,054	374,980	2,190,034	161,727
Amortization	1,030		1,030	-
Amortization of deferred inflows related to pensions	12,123	8,268	20,391	-
Amortization of deferred outflows related to pensions Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB	71,412	9,319	80,731	-
Increase in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(5,508) 22,815	(2,623) 10,864	(8,131) 33,679	-
Miscellaneous revenue	488	5,045	5,533	6,005
Change in operating assets and liabilities	700	3,043	3,333	0,003
which provided (used) cash				
Receivables	(16,928)	(42,609)	(59,537)	421
Due from other governmental units	(4,483)	1,131	(3,352)	
Prepaid and other assets	-	800	800	_
Accounts payable	6,466	(1,813)	4,653	(5,535)
Accrued liabilities	38,186	14,251	52,437	2,811
Compensated absences	3,323	(1,245)	2,078	(201)
Net OPEB obligation	65,733	31,301	97,034	-
Net pension liability	(111,722)	(23,521)	(135,243)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,472,846	\$ 894,977	\$ 2,367,823	\$ 61,048

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

			Agency <u>Fund</u>	
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	8,148	\$	106,835
Funds on deposit with MERS		1,281,388		-
Accounts receivables		2,256		_
Total assets		1,291,792	\$	106,835
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		_	\$	2,305
Trust deposits				104,530
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	106,835
Net position Restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$	1,291,792		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Other Post-employme Benefit <u>Trust</u>	
Additions Contributions:		
Employer	\$	127,000
Plan participants	•	29,673
Total contributions		156,673
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of securities		92,766
Total additions		249,439
Deductions		
Health insurance premiums paid		151,169
Administrative expenses		3,008
Total deductions		154,177
Change in net position		95,262
Net position, beginning of year		1,196,530
Net position, end of year	\$	1,291,792

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Grandville, Michigan (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City. A separate section of the basic financial statements provides detailed financial information on the discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Unit

The Building Authority - The members of the governing board of the Building Authority are appointed by the City Council. The City has significant influence over operations of the Building Authority and is also accountable for its fiscal matters. The Building Authority provides services exclusively to the City but was not used in the current year.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit columns in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) and a Brownfield Redevelopment Authority. These component units provide services to the businesses located within the districts. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize they are legally separate from the City.

The DDA was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown area, encourage historical preservation and promote economic growth within downtown. The DDA governing body consists of nine individuals that are appointed by the City's mayor and confirmed by City Council.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority accounts for captured tax revenue on specific properties within the City that have been identified and approved by the State of Michigan as brownfields requiring site reclamation. These revenues are used to reimburse property owners for expenditures incurred for brownfield cleanup. The City Council appoints the governing body of the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority.

The budgets of these Authorities must be approved by the City Council, and the City has the ability to significantly influence their operations. Financial statements are not separately issued for the component units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are changes between enterprise functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for reimbursement-based grants and interest which use a one year collection period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges for services. The principal operating revenues of the City's internal service funds are charges to City departments for equipment utilization. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. Operating expenses for the internal funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Major Streets Fund* accounts for funds specifically intended for the maintenance and construction of major streets. Financing is provided from Public Act 51 state shared gas and weight tax and miscellaneous service revenues.

The *Local Streets Fund* accounts for funds specifically intended for the maintenance and construction of local streets. Financing is provided from Public Act 51 state shared gas and weight tax and miscellaneous service revenues.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of governmental activities debt.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's sewer department that provides sewer services to most residents of the City and surrounding area on a user charge basis.

The Water Utility Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water department that provides water services to most residents of the City and surrounding area on a user charge basis.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Internal Service Fund is* used to account for equipment usage provided to the City departments and funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Other Post-employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's other post-employment benefits plan which provides other post-employment benefits to the City's employees.

The Agency Funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of funds including property and payroll taxes that are collected on behalf of outside governments or other parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are presented for the general and special revenue funds. General and special revenue funds adopt a legal budget with remaining funds maintaining budgets as a management control device. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed for the governmental fund types as a management control device.
- 5. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the City are governed by Michigan state law. The appropriations resolution is based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the City. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Michigan law. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within dollar limits established by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. Supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and pooled investments to be cash and cash equivalents because the pooling of these balances allows for withdrawal of these balances at any time similar to a demand deposit account.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value at the balance sheet date.

State statutes and City policy authorize the City to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase that are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments of enterprise funds consist of amounts held in accordance with debt covenants.

Receivables

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Uncollectible balances are immaterial to the financial statements.

Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables are short-term borrowings that arise from interfund transactions which are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

Special Assessments

Special assessments are recorded as revenue when due not when levied in the governmental fund financial statements. Estimated annual installments not yet available are reflected as deferred inflows of resources.

Inventory

Inventory is accounted for following the consumption method. It is valued at original cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory represents road salt.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for following the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one years. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with an equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. No interest expense has been capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Depreciation on capital assets (including infrastructure) is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Road and sidewalks	10-50
Water and sewer distribution systems	10-100
Land improvements	15-20
Buildings and building improvements	7-46
Vehicles	3-15
Office furnishings	5-20
Other tools and equipment	2-40

Compensated Absences

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation, paid time off (PTO), and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. Accumulated compensated absences of governmental funds are recorded on the statement of net position and not on the governmental fund balance sheets unless they are due and payable because the balance is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Amounts accumulated for proprietary funds are reported on the statements of net position of the individual enterprise funds. Compensated absences reported for governmental activities are primarily liquidated from general fund resources.

Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- 1. Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by management as authorized by the governing board.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The City has adopted a policy stating that the City, at a minimum, should maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 15 percent of general fund expenditures. At June 30, 2018 unassigned fund balance of the general fund was equal to 29 percent of general fund expenditures and transfers out.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the year of issuance. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as an other financing use. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the net pension liability which are discussed in Note 6, and the net OPEB liability which is discussed in Note 8, and deferred charges from bond refundings which are amortized over the life of the refunding or refunded bonds, whichever is shorter.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has items which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments and long-term receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the net pension liability which are discussed in Note 6, and the net OPEB liability which is discussed in Note 8

Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as due from other governments and revenue when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditure/expenses are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Property Taxes

City property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31. Summer taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before August 31. Winter taxes are levied December 1 and are due without penalty on or before February 14. Tax bills include the City's own property taxes and taxes billed on behalf of other taxing units. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to the applicable county for collection, which advances the City 100% of the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City Treasurer. Taxes collect on behalf of other taxing units is accounted for in the agency funds. Property taxes levied in July of each year are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City carried commercial insurance to cover the risk of losses. The City has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage during the past year.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Charges between enterprise funds and other functions of the City are not reimbursements because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Remaining transactions are generally reflected as transfers

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. DEFICIT NET POSITION

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a deficit unrestricted net position in its governmental activities of \$2,732,645.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash and pooled investments and investments are as follows:

	Primary Government	Component <u>Units</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments Funds on deposit with MERS	\$13,447,098 -	\$ 921,858 -	\$ 114,983 1,281,388	\$14,483,939 1,281,388
Restricted cash and pooled investment	532,888			532,888
	\$13,979,986	\$ 921,858	\$1,396,371	\$16,298,215

The cash and investments making up the above balances are as follows:

Deposits	\$11,436,705
Pooled investment funds	4,860,809
Petty cash	701
Total	\$16,298,215
lulai	\$10,290,213

The deposits are in financial institutions located in Michigan in varying amounts. State policy limits the Treasurer's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the City and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in City records at fair value. Interest is recorded when earned.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require, and the City does not have, a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$8,505,146 of the City's bank balance of \$11,762,677 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The City chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year-end, the City had the following investments:

	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value	Rating	Source
MBIA Class	N/A	\$2,559,755	AAAm	S&P
MERS total market portfolio	N/A	1,281,388	Unrated	
Kent County Pool	N/A	1,019,666	Unrated	
		\$4,860,809		

The above investments do not include certificates of deposit which are classified as deposits for risk identification purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The City categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

- The City does not have any investments that report fair value using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- The MBIA Class, funds on deposit with MERS, and Kent County Pool investments are valued
 using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and
 other observable inputs to determining the fair value of the securities making up the of
 investments fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The City does not have any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Investment risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law and City policy limit the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity date for each investment is identified above for investments held at year-end.

At June 30, 2018, the balance of the Kent County Public Funds Investment Pool consisted of the following:

<u>Investment</u>	Percentage of pool total	Maturity in years
Government agency securities	18%	0-3
Certificates of deposits	67%	0-2
Deposits, money markets and other pools	15%	Not applicable

At June 30, 2018 the balance of the MBIA Michigan Class investment pool consisted of the following:

<u>Investment</u>	Percentage of pool total	Maturity in years
Commercial paper	91.51%	Not applicable
Collateralized bank deposits	1.67%	Not applicable
Money market funds	4.19%	Not applicable
Repurchase agreements	2.63%	Not applicable

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The rating for each investment is identified above for investments held at year-end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. For the above funds on deposit with MERS, Kent County public funds, and MBIA Class investments, the City's custodial credit risk exposure cannot be determined because the City's participation in the pools/funds do not consist of specifically identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

4. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of \$515,460 to the general obligation bond fund and \$25,000 to nonmajor governmental funds, totaling \$540,460, from the general fund.

Transfers are used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance capital and other various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1,				Balance June 30,
	2017	Additions	<u>Transfers</u>	Deletions	2018
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,738,397	\$ -	\$ 72,231	\$ -	\$ 1,810,628
Construction in progress	115,000	227,511		115,000	227,511
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,853,397	227,511	\$ 72,231	115,000	2,038,139
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Infrastructure	83,717,886	646,063	-	-	84,363,949
Land improvements	778,143	52,102	-	-	830,245
Buildings and improvements	9,716,745	12,584	(94,097)	_	9,635,232
Office furnishings and equipment	5,298,869	360,684	_	243,912	5,415,641
Total capital assets, being depreciated	99,511,643	1,071,433	(94,097)	243,912	100,245,067
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Infrastructure	75,380,718	795,110	-	-	76,175,828
Land improvements	485,280	35,096	_	_	520,376
Buildings and improvements	5,125,559	246,150	(31,366)	_	5,340,343
Office furnishings and equipment	4,330,094	250,063	_	214,348	4,365,809
Total accumulated depreciation	85,321,651	1,326,419	(31,366)	214,348	86,402,356
Net capital assets, being depreciated	14,189,992	(254,986)	(62,731)	29,564	13,842,711
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$16,043,389	\$ (27,475)	\$ 9,500	\$144,564	\$15,880,850

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Business-type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated	Balance July 1, <u>2017</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2018</u>
Land	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000
Construction in progress	925,907	783,810	909,557	800,160
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	940,907	783,810	909,557	815,160
Capital assets being depreciated	0 10,007	700,010	000,007	010,100
Land improvements	31,676	_	_	31,676
Water and sewer distribution systems	46,292,330	955,575	_	47,247,905
Building and building improvements	7,643,896	15,632	_	7,659,528
Other tools and equipment	4,988,202	69,449	8,300	5,049,351
Total capital assets, being depreciated	58,956,104	1,040,656	8,300	59,988,460
Less accumulated depreciation for		1,010,000	-,,,,,,	
Land improvements	15,837	1,584	_	17,421
Water and sewer distribution systems	16,587,204	1,868,799	-	18,456,003
Building and building improvements	3,697,225	158,610	-	3,855,835
Other tools and equipment	3,874,155	161,041	8,300	4,026,896
Total accumulated depreciation	24,174,421	2,190,034	8,300	26,356,155
Net capital assets, being depreciated	34,781,683	(1,149,378)	-	33,632,305
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$35,722,590	\$(365,568)	\$909,557	\$34,447,465
Component units Downtown Development Authority Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 264,567	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 264,567
Capital assets being depreciated Land improvements Less accumulated depreciation for Land improvements	4,603,486 1,469,212	- 213,574	-	4,603,486 1,682,786
Net capital assets, being depreciated	3,134,274	(213,574)	-	2,920,700
Component units capital assets, net	\$3,398,841	\$(213,574)	\$ -	\$3,185,267
. ,				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 143,906
Judicial	116,313
Public safety	506,224
Public works	286,256
Culture and recreation	111,993
Capital assets held by the governments internal service	
funds are charged to the various functions based on	
their usage of the assets	 161,727
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,326,419

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Business-type Activities

 Sewer
 \$1,815,054

 Water
 374,980

Total depreciation expense - business- type activities \$2,190,034

6. PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan

The City of Grandville provides pension benefits to substantially all of its full-time employees not participating in the defined benefit plan through a defined contribution plan administered by MERS. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The City contributes 10% of eligible earnings for participating employees. Non-union, police sergeant, police rank and file, and public works employees are required to contribute at a rate of 4% while clean water employees are required to contribute at a rate of 5% as defined in the plan document which may be amended by the City Commission. Employee contributions plus investment earnings are fully vested after five years of service. In accordance with these requirements, the City contributed \$463,975 during the year ended June 30, 2018. In addition, employee contributions amounted to \$192,215 during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits provided

Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 2.25 to 2.5. Vesting period of 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 15 years of service Final average compensation is calculated based on 3 years.

Membership of the defined benefit plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (December 31, 2017):

Active plan members	11
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	7
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	63
Total	81

^{*}This plan is closed to additional participants*

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Contributions

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For divisions closed to new employees the employer has monthly employer contributions amount of \$74,862. Participating employees are required to contribute from 0.00% to 4.24% percent of gross wages to the Plan based on position and classification. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of employees are established and may be amended by labor agreements.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: 3.75% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 7.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Annuity Mortality Table with a 50% Male and 50% Female blend. For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Apart Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	Expected Money Weighted Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return	Return*
Global Equity	57.5%	6.27%	3.60%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	3.43%	0.68%
Real Assets	12.5%	5.48%	0.69%
Diversifying Strategies	10.0%	7.81%	0.78%
Inflation			2.00%
Administrative fee			0.25%
Investment rate of return			8.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$19,697,773	\$10,905,104	\$8,792,669	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	75,866	-	75,866	
Interest	1,515,791	-	1,515,791	
Change in benefits	-	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(148,389)	-	(148,389)	
Change in assumptions	-	-	-	
Contributions: employer	-	880,938	(880,938)	
Contributions: employee	-	16,256	(16,256)	
Net investment income	-	1,408,445	(1,408,445)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,576,642)	(1,576,642)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(22,357)	22,357	
Other changes	-	-	<u>-</u>	
Net Changes	(133,374)	706,640	(840,014)	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$19,564,399	\$11,611,744	\$7,952,655	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7%) or 1% higher (9%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% increase
Total pension liability	\$21,335,568	\$19,564,399	\$18,029,216
Fiduciary net position	11,611,744	11,611,744	11,611,744
Net pension liability	\$ 9,723,824	\$ 7,952,655	\$ 6,417,472

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the City recognized pension expense of \$678,408. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Excess (deficit) investment returns	\$ -	\$189,813
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	449,172	-
Total	\$449,172	\$189,813

^{*} The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (excluding subsequent contributions) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ 73,375
2020	32,522
2021	(182,888)
2022	(112,822)
Thereafter	<u> </u>
Total	\$(189,813)

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Governmental Activities 2015 Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$345,000 to \$410,000 through 2024, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	Balance July 1, <u>2017</u> \$3,015,000	Additions \$ -	<u>Deletions</u> \$350,000	Balance June 30, 2018 \$2,665,000	Due Within One Year \$360,000
2017 Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$70,000 \$110,000 through 2032, plus interest at 3.00%	-	1,375,000	70,000	1,305,000	70,000
Unamortized premium Compensated absences	117,435 630,641	69,899 50,675	19,992 -	167,342 681,316	- -
Total Governmental Activities	\$3,763,076	\$1,495,574	\$439,992	\$4,818,658	\$430,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Business-type Activities 2010 Sewage System Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$25,000 to	Balance July 1, <u>2017</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2018</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
\$340,000 through 2035, plus interest at 2.25% to 4.25%	\$4,480,000	\$ -	\$ 180,000	\$4,300,000	\$ 190,000
Unamortized discount Compensated absences	(18,447) 118,487	- 2,078	(1,030)	(17,417) 120,565	<u>-</u>
Total Business-type Activities	\$4,580,040	\$ 2,078	\$ 178,970	\$4,403,148	\$ 190,000
Component Unit – Downtown Development Authority 2012 Tax increment revenue bonds, refunded during the year	\$1,490,000	\$ -	\$1,490,000	\$ -	\$ -
Long-term obligation to primary government to pay 2017 refunding bonds	-	1,375,000	70,000	1,305,000	70,000
-	\$1,490,000	\$1,375,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,305,000	\$70,000

Compensated absences of governmental activities are generally liquidated with general fund resources.

During fiscal year 2018, the City issued its 2017 refunding bonds in the amount of \$1,375,000 to pay off outstanding 2012 tax increment revenue bonds. This transaction was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$390,040, which resulted in an economic gain of \$312,582.

The DDA has committed to repay the City 2017 refunding bonds with funds from its future tax increments.

The City has pledged future sewer fund revenues, to repay \$4,300,000 in remaining sewer system revenue bonds issued in 2010. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for sewer system improvements. The bonds are payable solely from sewer fund revenues and are payable through 2035. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds totaled \$352,298 which amounted to approximately 7% percent of pledged revenues in 2018. Future pledged revenues are expected to exceed debt service requires with a specific coverage percentage being inestimable. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is approximately \$6,030,000. Current year principal and interest paid and pledged revenues were approximately \$352,000 and \$4,929,000, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding (excluding unamortized premiums and discounts and compensated absences) as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Governmenta	I Activities	Business-typ	e Activities
Year Ending				_
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$ 430,000	\$101,000	\$ 190,000	\$ 166,898
2020	440,000	91,650	195,000	160,960
2021	445,000	82,050	200,000	154,622
2022	460,000	72,300	205,000	148,122
2023	465,000	62,250	215,000	141,204
2024-2028	1,300,000	140,475	1,185,000	585,644
2029-2033	430,000	32,550	1,445,000	329,844
2034-2035	-	-	665,000	42,712
•				
Total	\$3,970,000	\$582,275	\$4,300,000	\$1,730,006

8. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan"). In addition to the retirement benefits described in Note 6, the Plan provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries, which are advance funded on a discretionary basis. The Plan is included as an other post-employment benefits trust fund in the City's financial statements; a stand-alone financial report of the Plan has not been issued.

Benefits provided

The City includes pre-Medicare retirees in its insured healthcare plan and pays the monthly premium cost in effect at the date of retirement through the date of eligibility for Medicare. The participant must pay any balance for increases in premiums after the date of retirement. Benefit provisions are established through policy and available to all qualifying fulltime employees.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (June 30, 2018):

Active plan members	81
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	
Total	95

Contributions

The Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of the City Council. The Plan's funding policy is that the employer will contribute any required amounts as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the Plan. The plan has no legally required reserves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: 2.5%

Investment rate of return: 7.75%

Healthcare cost trend rates: 8.0% in 2018 graded down .5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5%

20-year Aa municipal bond yield: 3.1%

Mortality rates used IRS 2017 annuitant and non-annuitant, sex distinct mortality tables

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Global equity Global fixed income Real assets	Target Allocation	Expected Rate of Return
Global equity	55.5%	6.15%
Global fixed income	18.5	1.26
Real assets	13.5	7.22
Diversifying strategies	12.5	5.00

The sum of each target benefit times its long-term expected real rate is 5.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is 7.75% with 2.5% inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 4.44%. For projected benefits that are expected to be covered by projected assets, the long-term expected rate was used to discount the projected benefits. From the year that benefit payments were not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits were discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20-year AA/Aa tax-exempt municipal bond yield. A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated. This discount rate is used to determine the total OPEB liability. As of June 30, 2017, the discount rate used to value OPEB liabilities was 4.93%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Plan				
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)			
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$4,021,713	\$1,191,747	\$2,829,966			
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost	251,510	-	251,510			
Interest	207,102	-	207,102			
Change in benefits	-	-	-			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(58,616)	-	(58,616)			
Change in assumptions	147,356	-	147,356			
Contributions: employer	=	-	-			
Contributions: employee	-	144,701	(144,701)			
Net investment Income	-	92,646	(92,646)			
Benefit payments, including refunds	(144,701)	(144,701)	-			
Administrative expense	-	(3,008)	3,008			
Other changes		-				
Net changes	402,651	89,638	313,013			
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$4,424,364	\$1,281,385	\$3,142,979			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 4.44%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$4,738,745	\$4,424,364	\$4,128,397
Fiduciary net position	1,281,385	1,281,385	1,281,385
Net OPEB liability	\$3,457,360	\$3,142,979	\$2,847,012
Plan fiduciary position as a			
percentage of the total OPEB liability		29.0%	•

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate.

Current

	healthcare cost	
1% Decrease	trend rate	1% Increase
\$4,007,243	\$4,424,364	\$4,912,580
1,281,385	1,281,385	1,281,385
\$2,725,858	\$3,142,979	\$3,631,195
	\$4,007,243 1,281,385	1% Decreasehealthcare cost trend rate\$4,007,243\$4,424,3641,281,3851,281,385

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$540,128. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences in experience	\$ 373,088	\$ 53,657
Changes in assumptions	1,500,953	-
Excess(deficit) investment returns	-	54,984
Total	\$1,874,041	\$108,641

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2018 \$ 1	161,825
2019	161,825
2020	161,824
2021	177,666
2022	179,531
Thereafter S	922,729
Total \$1,7	765,400

9. CONSTRUCTION CODE FEES

The City oversees building construction in accordance with the State of Michigan Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative surplus – July 1, 2017	\$ 60,634
Current year building permit revenues	336,650
Related Expenses Direct costs Indirect Costs	340,174 8,870
Total construction code expenses	349,044
Cumulative surplus – June 30, 2018	\$ 48,240

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

10. CONTINGENCY

In the normal course of its operations, the City has become a party in various legal actions. The City has also become a party in various property tax appeals. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City. Amounts reserved for losses, if any, related to legal actions are undetermined and have not been included as a liability in the financial statements.

11. COMMITMENTS

At year-end, the City had outstanding commitments of approximately \$1,050,000 related to various construction projects.

12. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended, provides a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. An Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption (IFTE) certificate entitles the facility to a partial exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 12 years for real property and 6 years for personal property as determined by the local unit of government. The IFTE is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%. The agreements entered into by the City include claw back provisions should the recipient of the tax abatement cease operations and no successor employer is providing employment during the term of the abatement.

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the City abated property tax revenues of approximately \$34,000.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amount			Variance Positive Negative)			
Revenues							_			
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	6,362,774	\$	6,470,774	\$	6,488,393	\$	17,619		
Intergovernmental revenues										
State		1,317,550		1,317,550		1,393,276		75,726		
Licenses and permits		33,500		56,000		61,277		5,277		
Charges for services		1,055,162		1,034,162		1,079,124		44,962		
Fines	Original Final Amount \$ 6,362,774 \$ 6,470,774 \$ 6,488,3 1,317,550 1,317,550 1,393,2 33,500 56,000 61,2 1,055,162 1,034,162 1,079,1 308,800 278,800 316,1 26,500 46,500 56,8 151,285 239,785 128,3 9,255,571 9,443,571 9,555,0 1,46,869 1,146,869 1,106,0 4,908,713 4,915,713 4,754,8 584,653 776,653 737,1 992,507 1,106,507 983,4 9,113,164 9,399,664 8,963,8 142,407 43,907 591,2 (444,750) (540,750) (540,4 (302,343) (496,843) 50,74							37,375		
Investment earnings		26,500		46,500	56,854			10,354		
Miscellaneous	_	151,285		239,785		128,375		(111,410)		
Total revenues		9,255,571		9,443,571		9,555,041		111,470		
Expenditures Current										
General government		1 480 422		1 453 022		1 382 323		71,599		
Judicial								40,806		
Public safety								160,860		
Public works								39,535		
Culture and recreatior	_			•		983,476		123,031		
Total expenditures	_	9,113,164		9,399,664		8,963,833		435,831		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		142,407		43,907		591,208		547,301		
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers out	_	(444,750)		(540,750)		(540,460)		290		
Net changes in fund balance		(302,343)		(496,843)		50,748		547,591		
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,633,074		3,633,074		3,633,074				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,330,731	\$	3,136,231	\$	3,683,822	\$	547,591		

MAJOR STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues		Budget /	A mc	ounts <u>Final</u>	ı	Actual <u>Amount</u>	ĺ	/ariance Positive Negative)
Taxes	\$	50,567	\$	50,567	\$	50,802	\$	235
Intergovernmental revenues	φ	50,507	φ	50,507	φ	30,002	Ψ	233
State		1,139,697		1,139,697		1,170,742		31,045
Investment earnings		3,000		3,000	_	9,606		6,606
Total revenues		1,193,264		1,193,264		1,231,150		37,886
Expenditures Current								
Public works		1,536,500		1,282,500	_	949,917		332,583
Net changes in fund balance		(343,236)		(89,236)		281,233		370,469
Fund balance, beginning of year		868,453	_	868,453		868,453		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	525,217	\$	779,217	\$	1,149,686	\$	370,469

LOCAL STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues		Budget A Original	Amo	ounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amount</u>		Variance Positive Negative)
Taxes	\$	562,267	\$	562,267	\$	564,876	\$	2,609
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ	002,201	Ψ	002,201	Ψ	001,070	Ψ	2,000
State		389,283		389,283		509,391		120,108
Investment earnings		2,000		2,000		7,112		5,112
Total revenues Expenditures		953,550		953,550		1,081,379		127,829
Current								
Public works		1,055,052		1,260,552		1,121,613		138,939
Net changes in fund balance		(101,502)		(307,002)		(40,234)		266,768
Fund balance, beginning of year		295,029		295,029		295,029		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	193,527	\$	(11,973)	\$	254,795	\$	266,768

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 77,171	\$ 80,268	\$ 82,506	\$ 75,866
Interest	1,468,963	1,476,837	1,513,938	1,515,791
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	164,446	(30,639)	(148,389)
Changes in assumptions	-	808,006	-	-
Benefit payments including employee refunds Other	(1,391,493) 	(1,512,979)	(1,502,019)	(1,576,642)
Net change in total pension liability	154,641	1,016,578	63,786	(133,374)
Total pension liability, beginning of year	18,462,768	18,617,409	19,633,987	19,697,773
Total pension liability, end of year	\$ 18,617,409	\$ 19,633,987	\$ 19,697,773	\$ 19,564,399
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions-employer	\$ 555,936	\$ 613,908	\$ 784,728	\$ 880,938
Contributions-employee	21,478	16,518	16,962	16,256
Net investment income	722,739	(162,504)		1,408,445
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(1,391,493)		(1,502,019)	
Administrative expense	(26,381)	(24,459)	(22,916)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(117,721)	(1,069,516)	435,707	706,640
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	11,656,634	11,538,913	10,469,397	10,905,104
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	<u>\$ 11,538,913</u>	<u>\$ 10,469,397</u>	<u>\$ 10,905,104</u>	<u>\$ 11,611,744</u>
Employer net pension liability	\$ 7,078,496	\$ 9,164,590	\$ 8,792,669	\$ 7,952,655
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62%	53%	55%	59%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 787,329	\$ 819,146	\$ 845,600	\$ 778,623
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	899%	1119%	1040%	1021%

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	521,892	\$ 705,924	\$ 863,532	\$ 898,344
determined contribution		521,892	 705,924	 863,532	 898,344
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered employee payroll	\$	787,329	\$ 819,146	\$ 845,600	\$ 778,623
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		66%	86%	102%	115%

Notes to schedule

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality Entry Age
Level percentage of payroll, open
25 years
5 year smoothed (10 years for 2014)
2.5% (3-4% for 2014)
3.75% (4.5 for 2014)
7.75% (8.00 for 2014)
Varies depending on plan adoption
50% female/ 50% male RP-2014
mortality table

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET OPEB LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2017 2018	
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 141,255 \$ 251,5°	
Interest	101,060 207,10)2
Changes in benefit terms	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	446,894 (58,6)	,
Changes in assumptions	1,636,304 147,39	56
Benefit payments including employee refunds Other	(183,447) (144,70)1) <u>-</u>
et change in total OPEB liability	2,142,066 402,69	51
otal OPEB liability, beginning of year	1,879,647 4,021,7	13
otal OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 4,021,713 \$ 4,424,36	34
an Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions-employer	\$ 175,000 \$ 127,00	00
Contributions-employee	8,447 17,70	
Net investment income	137,273 92,64	
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(183,447) (144,7)	
Administrative expense	(2,770) (3,00)8)
Other	<u>-</u>	_
t change in plan fiduciary net position	134,503 89,63	38
an fiduciary net position, beginning of year	1,057,244 1,191,74	<u> 17</u>
n fiduciary net position, end of year	<u>\$ 1,191,747</u> <u>\$ 1,281,38</u>	<u>35</u>
nployer net OPEB liability	\$ 2,829,966 \$ 3,142,9	<u>79</u>
an fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
otal OPEB liability	29.6% 29.0	ጋ%
overed employee payroll	\$ 5,203,932 \$ 5,449,83	32
pployer's net OPEB liability as a percentage	- 4.40/	- 0/
covered employee payroll	54.4% 57.	7%

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2017	2018
Actuarial determined contributions	\$ 401,525 \$	428,908
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	183,447	144,701
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$ (218,078) \$	(284,207)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,203,932 \$	5,449,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.5%	2.7%
Notes to schedule		
Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Entry Age Normal	
Remaining amortization period	Level percent, clos 15 years (average	
Asset valuation method	Market value	rataro oci vico
Inflation	2.49%	
Salary increases	2.50%	
Investment rate of return 20-year Aa Municipal bond yield	7.00% 3.10%	
Healthcare cost trend rates	8.0% for 2018 gra	ded down .5%
Retirement age	Varies depending	
Mortality	IRS 2017 annuitar	nt/non-annuitar

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Basis of Accounting

Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Pension and OPEB data

The data presented on the schedule of changes in employers net pension liability schedule is based on a December 31 measurement date.

The data presented on the schedule of changes in employers net OPEB liability schedule is based on a June 30 measurement date.

The pension and OPEB schedules are being accumulated prospectively until 10 years of information is presented.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DETAIL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budget .	nunts		Actual		Variance Positive	
		Original	<u> </u>	Final	-	Amount		(Negative)
Revenue		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				(itto space to)
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$	6,362,774	\$	6,470,774	\$	6,488,393	\$	17,619
Intergovernmental revenues								
Federal		_		_		31,567		31,567
State		1,317,550		1,317,550		1,393,276		75,726
Licenses and permits		33,500		56,000		61,277		5,277
Charges for services		1,055,162		1,034,162		1,079,124		44,962
Fines		308,800		278,800		316,175		37,375
Investment earnings		26,500		46,500		56,854		10,354
Miscellaneous	_	151,285	_	239,785	_	128,375	_	(111,410)
Total revenues	_	9,255,571	_	9,443,571		9,555,041	_	111,470
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Legislative		62,254		65,254		63,656		1,598
City Manager		198,078		193,078		189,886		3,192
Elections		66,029		56,029		48,453		7,576
Attorney		270,000		270,000		268,378		1,622
Assessor		203,633		177,633		162,054		15,579
Clerk		159,631		159,631		148,056		11,575
Treasurer		186,783		186,783		169,919		16,864
General office		244,014		255,514		241,921		13,593
Retiree healthcare premiums		90,000		90,000	_	90,000		
	_	1,480,422	_	1,453,922	_	1,382,323	_	71,599
Judicial								
District Court		724,113		724,113		693,551		30,562
Probation		373,669		373,669		367,742		5,927
Shared costs		49,087		49,087	_	44,770		4,317
	_	1,146,869	_	1,146,869	_	1,106,063	_	40,806
Public safety								
Police		3,701,374		3,701,374		3,565,676		135,698
Fire		1,197,639		1,204,639		1,179,805		24,834
Narcotics enforcement	_	9,700 4,908,713	_	9,700 4,915,713	_	9,372 4,754,853		328
Dublia warka		+ ,500,113		+,515,113	_	4,104,000	_	160,860
Public works		222 550		222 550		226 777		(4.007)
Highways, streets and bridges		232,550		232,550		236,777		(4,227)
Sidewalks		23,925 89,509		28,925 89,509		26,464		2,461
Parking lots						81,399		8,110 29,970
Cemetery Sanitation and other		221,469 17,200		406,469 19,200		376,499 15,979		3,221
Samanon and other	_		_		_		_	
		584,653	_	776,653	_	737,118	_	39,535

(continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DETAIL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Culture and recreation		Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual <u>Amount</u>		Variance Positive Negative)
Parks	\$	450,965	\$	450,965	\$	414,171	\$	36,794
Library	·	138,285	•	138,285	•	133,430	,	4,855
Special projects		195,800		295,800		240,729		55,071
Planning and zoning		52,629		66,629		63,155		3,474
Other		154,828		154,828		131,991		22,837
		992,507	_	1,106,507	_	983,476	_	123,031
Total expenditures		9,113,164		9,399,664		8,963,833		435,831
Revenues over (under) expenditures		142,407		43,907	_	591,208		547,301
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(444,750)		(540,750)		(540,460)	_	290
Net changes in fund balances		(302,343)		(496,843)		50,748		547,591
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,633,074		3,633,074	_	3,633,074		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,330,731	\$	3,136,231	\$	3,683,822	\$	547,591

(concluded)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue					
	Re	evolving		Storm Sewer runkage		<u>Total</u>
Assets Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable	\$	- - 61,055	\$	13,965 48 <u>-</u>	\$	13,965 48 61,055
Total assets	\$	61,055	\$	14,013	\$	75,068
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	- -	\$	1,143 599	\$	1,143 599
Total liabilities				1,742		1,742
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue		61,055		<u>-</u>		61,055
Fund balances Committed Capital projects		-		12,271		12,271
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	61,055	\$	14,013	\$	75,068

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Special		
	<u>Revolving</u>	Storm Sewer <u>Trunkage</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues Charges for services Investment earnings	\$ - -	\$ 7,520 \$ 135	7,520 135
Total revenues	-	7,655	7,655
Expenditures Current Public works		46,973	46,973
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(39,318)	(39,318)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		25,000	25,000
Net changes in fund balances	-	(14,318)	(14,318)
Fund balances, beginning of year		26,589	26,589
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 12,271</u> \$	12,271

STORM SEWER TRUNKAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Pavanuaa	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
Revenues	•	0.000	Φ.	0.000	Φ.	7.500	Φ.	5 500
Charges for services	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	7,520	\$	5,520
Investment earnings		100		100		135		35
Total revenues		2,100		2,100		7,655		5,555
Expenditures Current								
Public works		50,211		53,211		46,973		6,238
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(48,111)		(51,111)		(39,318)		11,793
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		25,000		25,000		25,000		
Net changes in fund balance		(23,111)		(26,111)		(14,318)		11,793
Fund balance, beginning of year		26,589		26,589		26,589		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,478	\$	478	\$	12,271	\$	11,793

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

JUNE 30, 2018

Assets	 ent Tax <u>und</u>	-	rust and Agency	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,305	\$	104,530	\$ 106,835
Total assets	\$ 2,305	\$	104,530	\$ 106,835
Liabilities Accounts Payable Deposits	\$ 2,305 	\$	- 104,530	\$ 2,305 104,530
Total liabilities	\$ 2,305	\$	104,530	\$ 106,835

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

Assets		General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Ad</u>	<u>justments</u>	Statement of et Position
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	921,858 7,336	\$	-	\$ 921,858 7,336
Capital assets Land Depreciable capital assets, net		-		264,567 2,920,700	 264,567 2,920,700
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	929,194		3,185,267	 4,114,461
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	10,832		_	10,832
Accrued liabilities Long-term due to primary government	Ψ	5,061		1,305,000	5,061 1,305,000
Total liabilities		15,893		1,305,000	 1,320,893
Fund balances		,		.,000,000	.,020,000
Unassigned		913,301		(913,301)	
Total fund balance		913,301		(913,301)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	929,194			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted					 1,880,267 913,301
Total net position			\$	2,793,568	\$ 2,793,568
Reconciliation of fund balances to net position Fund balance of the governmental fund Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement Capital assets used in governmental activities are not currer are not reported in the fund.					\$ 913,301
Add - land Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current perior in the fund.	od an	d therefore are	not re	ported	264,567 2,920,700
Deduct - long-term due to primary government Net position of governmental activities					\$ (1,305,000) 2,793,568

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Davisson		General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>		Statement of <u>Activities</u>
Revenues	æ	270 910	c	Φ	270 910
Taxes	\$	270,810 12,807	\$ -	\$	270,810
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		49,740	-		12,807
Miscellarieous	_	49,740		_	49,740
Total revenues		333,357			333,357
Expenditures/expenses					
Salaries		74,100	-		74,100
Administration		22,455	-		22,455
Operations		177,470	24,805		202,275
Depreciation		-	213,574		213,574
Debt service payment to primary government		96,010	(70,000)		26,010
Bond costs	_	71,682			71,682
Total expenditures/expenses		441,717	168,379		610,096
Revenues over (under) expenditures/expenses		(108,360)	168,379		(276,739)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Refunding paid to escrow		(1,528,714)	1,528,714		_
Proceeds of loan from primary government		1,443,896	(1,375,000)		68,896
Total other financing sources (uses)		(84,818)	153,714		68,896
Net changes in fund balance		(193,178)	193,178		
Change in net position			(361,557)		(207,843)
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year		1,106,479			3,001,411
Fund balance/net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	913,301		\$	2,793,568
Reconciliation of changes in fund balance to change in net position Net changes in fund balance of governmental fund Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of a Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated usef	ıctiviti ever,	, in the statem	ent of activities,	\$	(193,178)
Net changes in fund balance of governmental fund Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of a Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How	ıctiviti ever,	, in the statem	ent of activities,	\$	(193,178) (213,574)
Net changes in fund balance of governmental fund Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of a Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated usef depreciation expense.	ictiviti ever, ul live	, in the statem es and reporte	ent of activities, d as	\$	
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INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 30, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grandville, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grandville, Michigan, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredoveld Haefner LLC